

# **SL-T2835WD060-L70-A-XX**

## **DATA SHEET**

SPEC.NO.: SZ22081701  
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REV.: A/0

Approved By:

Checked By:

Prepared By:

## TOP Light Emitting Diode

### 技术数据表 Technical Data Sheet

本产品主要作为信号指示及照明的电子元件广泛应用于各类使用表面贴装结构的电子产品中。本产品也广泛用于各类室内外的装饰照明。

This product is generally used as indicator and luminary for electronic equipment. And it also be widely used for indoor and outdoor decorative lighting.



<b>特性:</b>	➤ 管芯材料: InGaN Material: InGaN	发光颜色: 白光 Emitting Color: White
<b>Features:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ 封装材料: 硅树脂 Encapsulation: Silicone</li> <li>➤ 焊接方法: 无铅回流焊 Soldering methods: Pb-Free reflow soldering</li> <li>➤ 光强高, 功耗低, 可靠性好, 寿命长 High Luminous Intensity ,Low Power Dissipation, good Reliability and Long Life</li> <li>➤ 符合欧盟公布的 ROHS 指令要求 Complied With ROHS Directive</li> </ul>	

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\* 产品规格如因工艺改进而有所改变，恕不另行通知。

\*The Specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

## 电性参数

### Electrical Characteristics

光电参数 (温度=25°C) :

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Temperature=25°C):

产品型号MODEL	CRI	CCT(K) Typ.	IF(mA)	VF(V)	Φv(lm)	R9	Lm/W Typ.
SL-T2835WD060-L70-A-65	80	6500	100	8.8-9.4	130-155	0	155
SL-T2835WD060-L70-A-40	80	4000	100	8.8-9.4	130-155	0	155
SL-T2835WD060-L70-A-30	80	3000	100	8.8-9.4	125-140	0	145

极限参数 (温度=25°C) :

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Temperature=25°C):

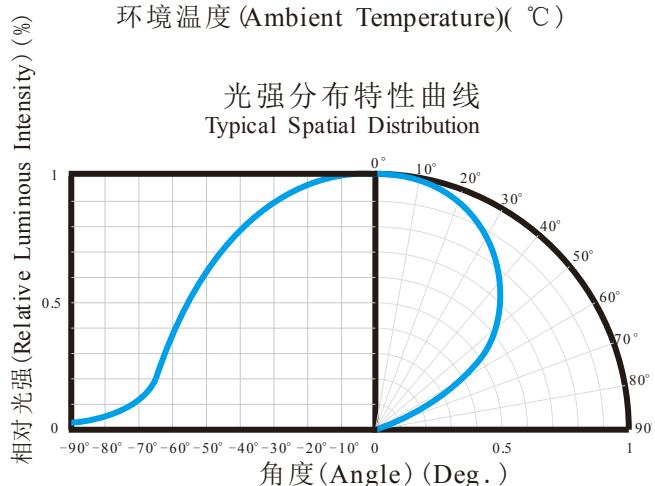
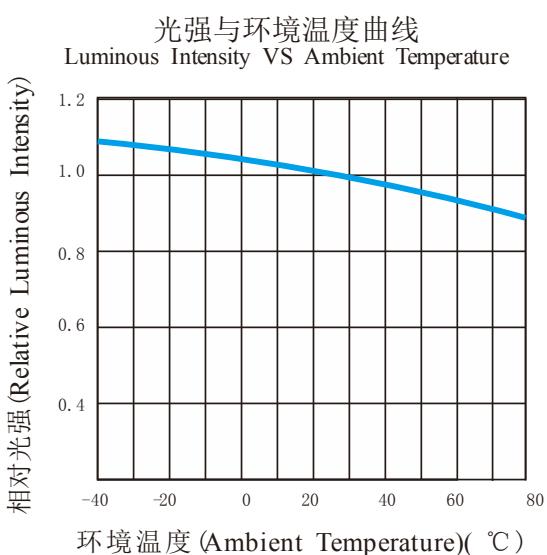
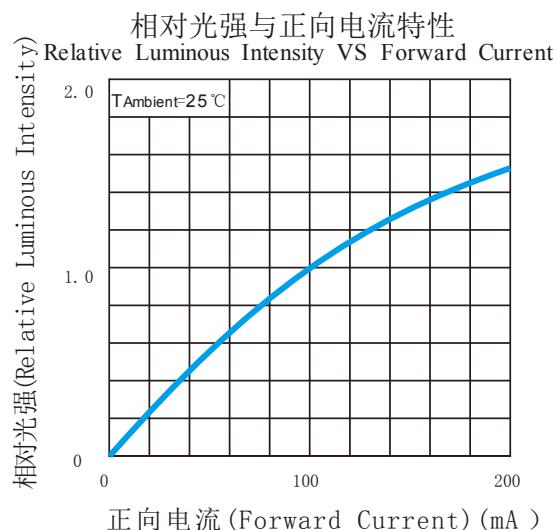
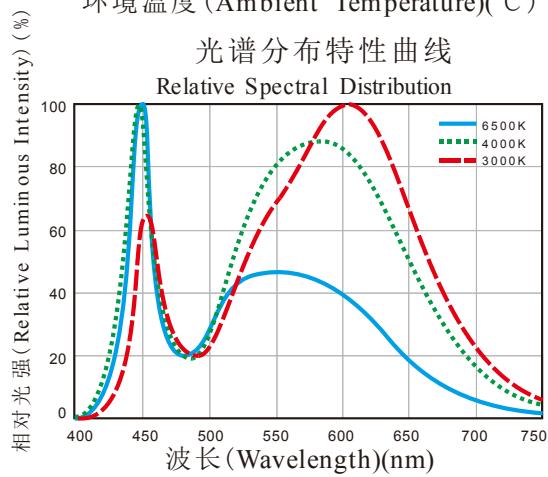
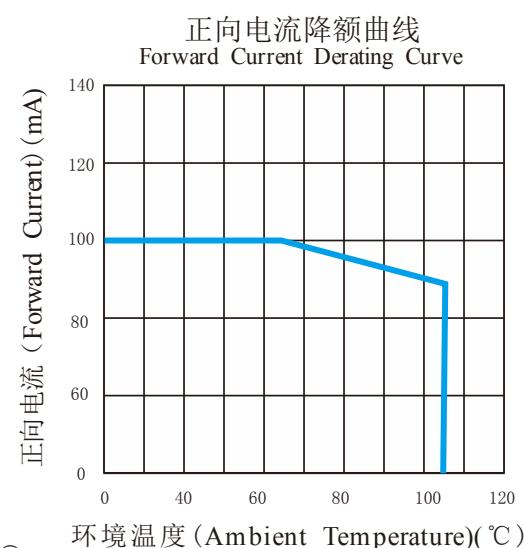
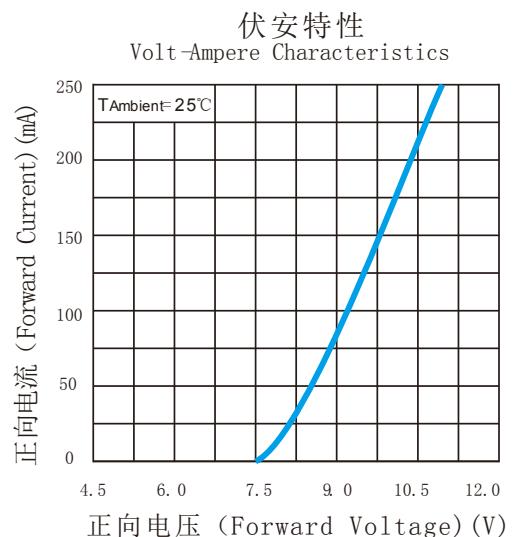
参数名称 Parameter	符号 Symbol	数值 Rating	单位 Unit
正向电流 Forward Current	IF	120	mA
正向脉冲电流*Pulse Forward Current*	IFP	200	mA
功耗 Power Dissipation	Pd	1128	mW
工作温度 Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +100	°C
储存温度 Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +100	°C
结温 Junction Temperature	Tj	125	°C
焊接温度 Welding temperature	Tsol	回流焊 Reflow soldering : 260 °C for 10 sec. 手工焊接 Manual welding : 350 °C for 3 sec.	
抗静电能力 Antistatic ability(HBM)	ESD	2000	V

Notes 备注:

- 1/10 Duty cycle, 0.1ms pulse width. 脉宽 0.1ms, 占空比 1/10。
- Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product. 使用功率不能超过规定的最大值。
- All measurements were made under the standardized environment of LIGHT. 所有测试都是基于现有的标准测试平台。
- When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature, junction temperature should not exceed the maximum rate. LED 使用的最大电流需要根据散热条件确定, 结温不能超过最大值。

## 典型特性曲线

## Typical Characteristics Curves



## 可靠性试验

### Reliability Test Items And Conditions

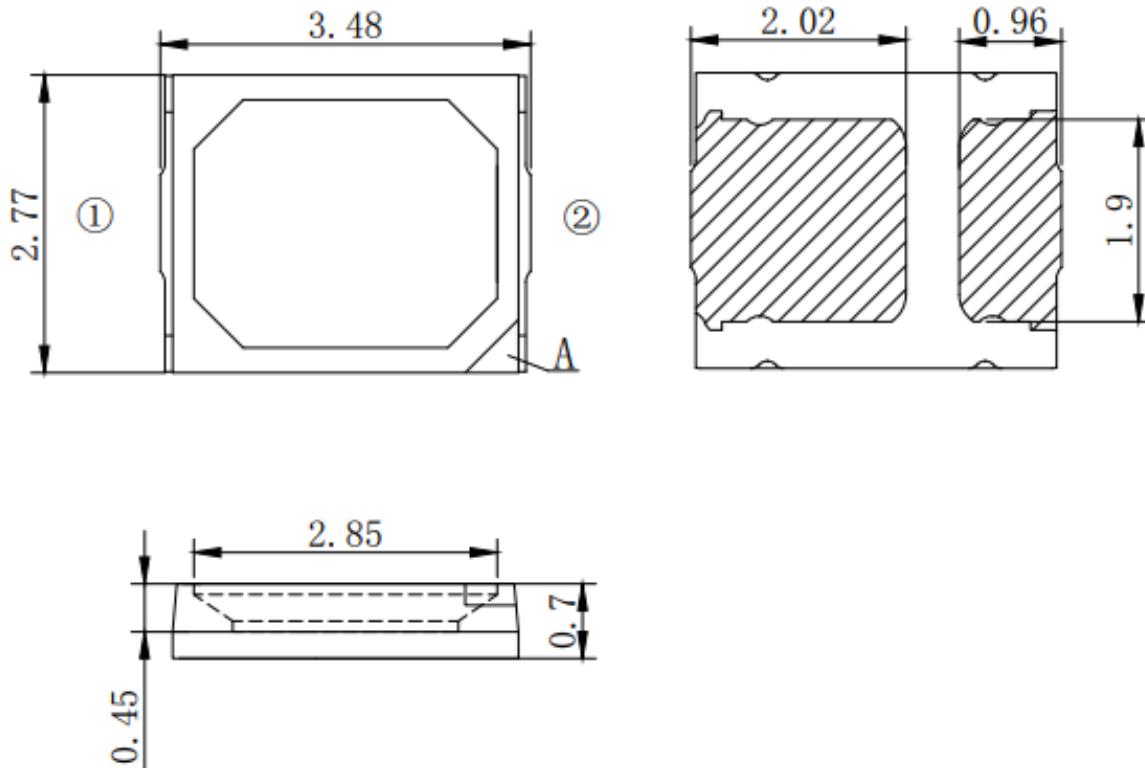
实验项目 Test Items	参考标准 Reference	实验条件 Test Conditions	时间 Time	样品数 Quantity	判据 Criterion
冷热冲击 Thermal Shock	MIL-STD-202G	-40(30min)↔125°C(30min)	300 cycles	22	0/22
湿热循环 Temperature And Humidity Cyclic	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	-10°C～65°C, 0%～90%RH 24hrs	10 cycles	22	0/22
高温储存 High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	Ta=100°C	1000h	22	0/22
低温储存 Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	Ta=-40°C	1000h	22	0/22
高温高湿储存 High Temperature High Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	Ta=60°C, RH=90%	1000h	22	0/22
常温寿命试验 Life Test	JESD22-A108D	Ta=25°C, IF =100mA	1000h	22	0/22
高温寿命 High Temperature Life Test	JESD22-A108D	Ta=85°C, IF =100mA	1000h	22	0/22
耐焊接热 Resistance to Soldering Heat	JEITA ED-4701 300 301	Tsol=260°C, 10secs	3 times	22	0/22

### 失效判断标准 Criteria For Judging Damage:

测试项目 Test Items	符号 Symbol	测试条件 Test Conditions	判定标准 Criteria For Judging Damage
正向电压 Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = I <sub>FT</sub>	初始值±10% Initial Data±10%
光强 Luminous Intensity	I <sub>V</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = I <sub>FT</sub>	平均 Φ <sub>V</sub> 衰减≤30%, 单个 Φ <sub>V</sub> 衰减≤50%; Average I <sub>V</sub> degradation≤30%; Single LED I <sub>V</sub> degradation≤50%
耐焊接热 Resistance to Soldering Heat		Tsol=260°C	材料无内部裂痕、无材料间爆裂、剥离、无死灯。 Material without internal cracks, no material between stripped, no deaded light.

## 外形尺寸

## Outline Dimension



极性 Polarity

①正极

②负极

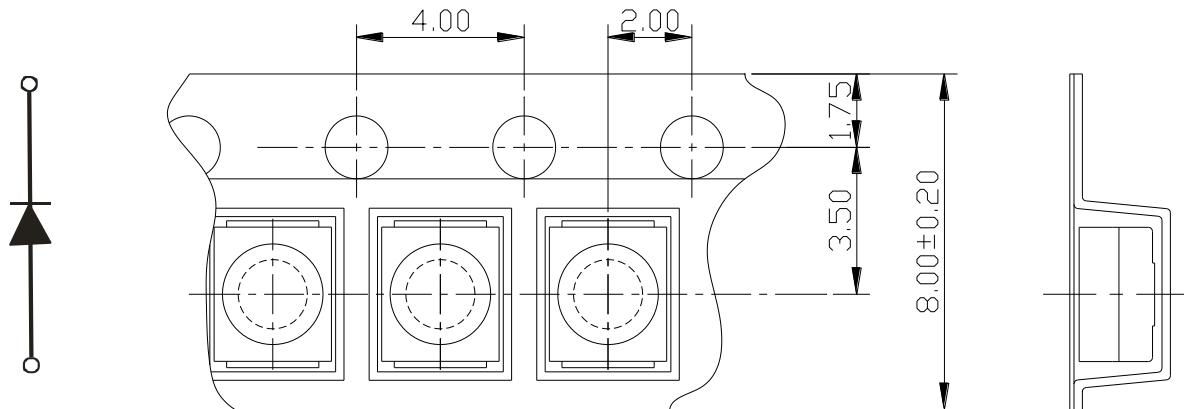
Notes 备注:

1. A: Nick Mark A: 缺口标志
2. All dimensions units are millimeters. 所有标注尺寸单位为毫米。
3. All dimensions tolerances are  $\pm 0.1$  mm unless otherwise noted. 除特别标注外，所有尺寸公差为  $\pm 0.1$  毫米
4. Solder pattern is for reference only, accurate design please refer to product. 焊盘图样仅供参考，以产品为准。

## 包装

## Packaging

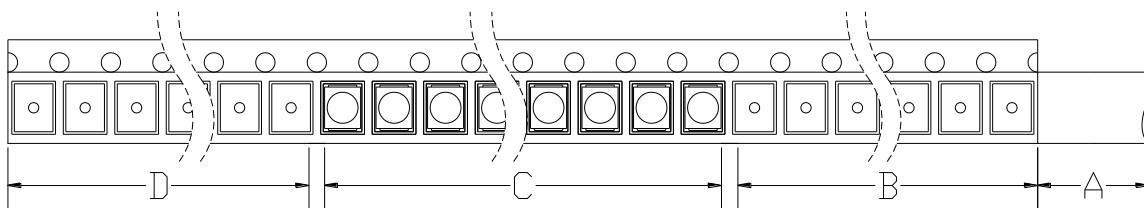
## ◆ 载带 Carrier Tape



单位: mm, 未注公差:  $\pm 0.1$  mm  
All dimensions in mm, tolerances unless mentioned is  $\pm 0.1$  mm.

## ◆ 编带细节 Details Of Carrier Tape

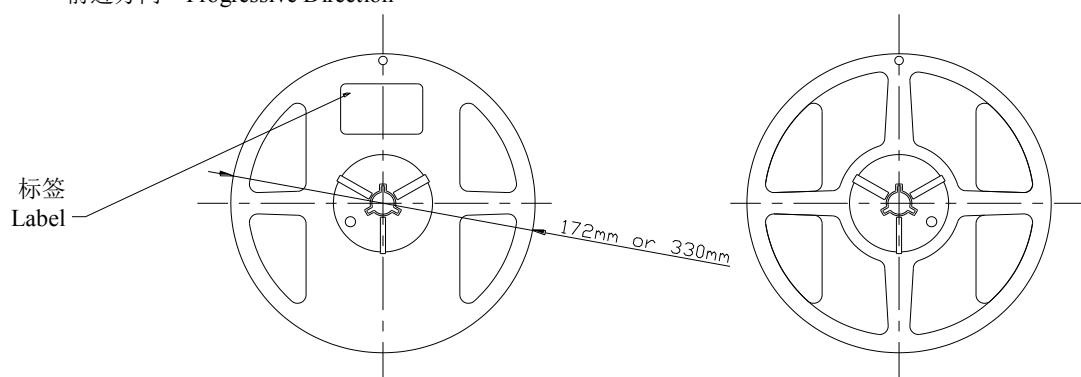
前进方向 Progressive Direction →



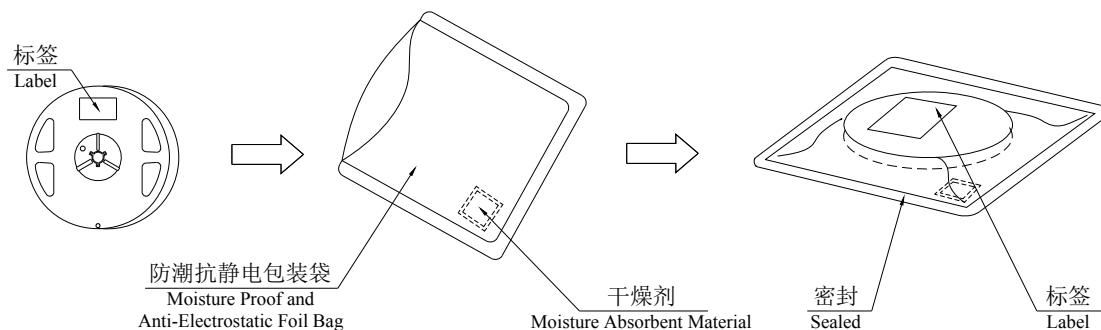
A: 盖带, 300 mm; B: 引导, 空带, 200mm; C: 编载产品 4000 只/18000 只; D: 尾部, 空带, 200mm  
A: Top Cover Tape, 300mm; B: Leader, Empty, 200mm; C: 4000 or 18000 Lamps Loaded; D: Trailer, Empty, 200mm.

## ◆ 带盘 Reel Dimension

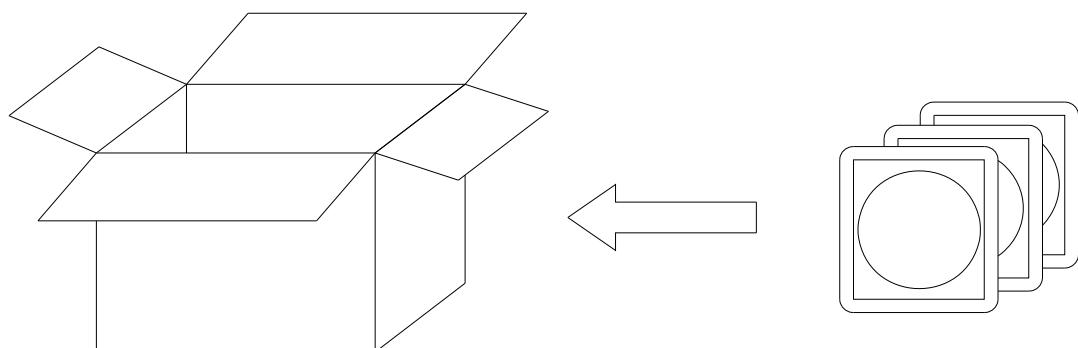
前进方向 Progressive Direction →



◇ 防潮抗静电真空包装 Moisture Proof and Anti-Electrostatic Foil Bag



◇ 外包装箱 Cardboard Box



◇ 标签说明 Label Explanation



TYPE NO./产品型号	QUANTITY/包装数量
BIN./分光等级	DATE CODE/生产日期
REMARKS/客户料号	LOT NO./生产批号

## 焊接指导

### Guideline for Soldering

#### 1. 使用烙铁人手焊接

##### **Hand Soldering**

推荐使用功率低于 20W 的烙铁，焊接时烙铁的温度必须保持在 360°C 以下，且每个电极只能进行一次焊接，每次焊接的持续时间不得超过 3 秒。

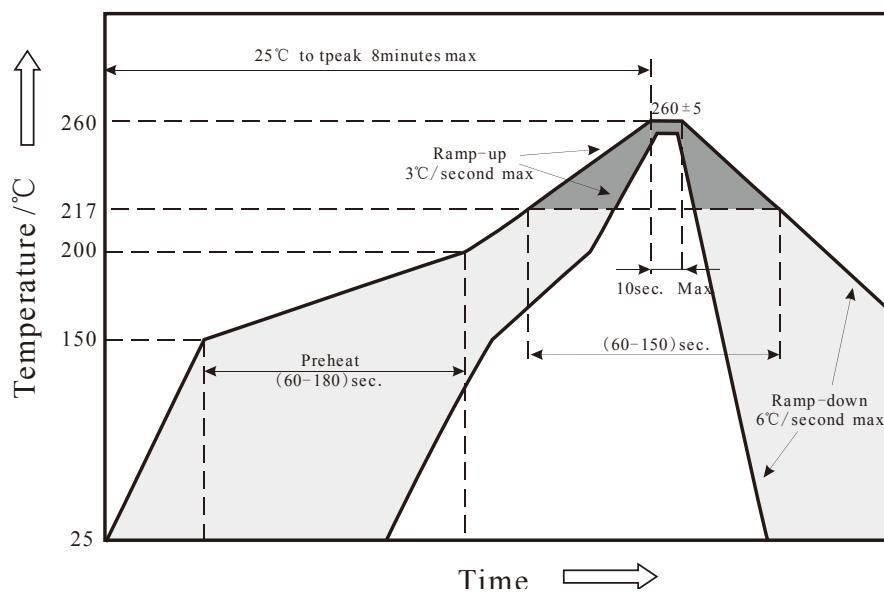
人手焊接过程中的不慎操作易引起 LED 产品的损坏，应当小心谨慎。

A soldering iron of less than 20W is recommended to be used in Hand Soldering. Please keep the temperature of the soldering iron under 360°C while soldering. Each terminal of the LED is to go for less than 3 second and for one time only.

Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand soldering.

#### 2. 回流焊接：推荐使用以下无铅回流焊接温度图进行。

**Reflow Soldering:** Use the conditions shown in the under Figure of Pb-Free Reflow Soldering.



- 回流焊接一般不超过两次。
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 在回流焊接升温过程中，请不要对 LED 施加任何压力。
- Stress on the LEDs should be avoided during heating in soldering process.
- 在焊接完成后，待产品温度下降到室温之后，再进行其他处理。
- After soldering, do not deal with the product before its temperature drop down to room temperature.

### 3. 清洗:

#### Cleaning

在焊接后推荐使用酒精进行清洗，在温度不高于 30°C 的条件下持续 3 分钟，不高于 50°C 的条件下持续 30 秒。使用其他类似溶剂清洗前，请先确认使用的溶剂不会对 LED 的封装和环氧树脂部分造成损伤。

超声波清洗也是有效的方法，一般最大功率不应超过 300W，否则可能对 LED 造成损伤。请根据具体的情况预先测试清洗条件是否会对 LED 造成损伤。

It is recommended that alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning is to go under 30 °C for 3 minutes or 50 °C for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

Ultrasonic cleaning is also an effective way for cleaning. But the influence of Ultrasonic cleaning on LED depends on factors such as ultrasonic power. Generally, the ultrasonic power should not be higher than 300W. Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to LEDs will occur.

\* 注意：此一般指导原则并不适用于所有 PCB 设计和焊接设备的配置。具体工艺受到诸多因素的影响，请根据特定的PCB设计和焊接设备来确定焊接方案。

\* Note: This general guideline may not apply to all PCB designs and configurations of all soldering equipment. The technique in practice is influenced by many factor, it should be specialized base on the PCB designs and configurations of the soldering equipment.

## 使用注意事项

### Precautions

#### 1. 贮存:

##### Storage

- 本产品使用密封防潮抗静电袋包装，并附有干燥剂，未开封的产品有一年的保存时间。

Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, to keep moisture to a minimum.

- 开封前，产品须存放在温度不高于 30°C，湿度不高于 80%RH 的环境中。

Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 80% RH, and be used within a year.

- 开封后，产品须存放在温度不高于 30°C，湿度不高于 10%RH 的环境中，且应该在 24 小时（1 天）内使用完。建议工作环境为温度不高于 30°C，湿度不高于 60%RH。

After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30 °C or less and humidity less than 10%RH, and be soldered within 24 hours (1 day). It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.

- 对于尚未焊接的 LED，如果吸湿剂或包装失效，或者产品没有符合以上有效存储条件，烘焙可以起到一定的性能恢复效果。烘焙条件：(60±5) °C，持续 24 小时。

If the moisture absorbent material has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition: (60±5) °C for 24 hours.

#### 2. 静电:

##### Static Electricity

静电和电涌会导致产品特性发生改变，例如正向电压降低等，如果情况严重甚至会损毁产品。所以在使用时必须采取有效的防静电措施。

所有相关的设备和机器都应该正确接地，同时必须采取其他防止静电和电涌的措施。

使用防静电手环，防静电垫子，防静电工作服、工作鞋、手套，防静电容器，都是有效的防止静电和电涌的措施。

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristic such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current, even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs.

### 3. 硫化:

#### **Vulcanization**

LED 硫化是由于环境中的硫进入支架内部与+1 价的银发生化学反应生成黑色  $\text{Ag}_2\text{S}$  的过程。该过程会导致支架镀银层的反光能力下降，色温漂移和光衰严重，很大程度上影响了产品性能。因此，在使用时应注意采取相应的防硫措施，如避免使用挥发性强的含硫物质，避免接触含硫较高的物质。

LED curing is due to sulfur being in bracket and the +1 price of silver in the chemical reaction generated  $\text{Ag}_2\text{S}$  in the process. It will lead to the capacity of reflecting of silver layer reducing , light color temperature drift and serious decline ,seriously affecting the performance of the product.So we should take corresponding measures to avioding vulcanization, such as to avoid using sulphur volatile substances and keeping away from high sulphur content of the material.

### 4. 眼睛保护忠告:

#### **Safety Advice For Human Eyes**

LED 发光时，请勿直视发光光源，特别是对于一些光强较高的 LED，强光可能伤害你的眼睛。

Viewing direct to the light emitting center of the LEDs, especially those of great Luminous Intensity will cause great hazard to human eyes. Please be careful.

### 5. 设计建议:

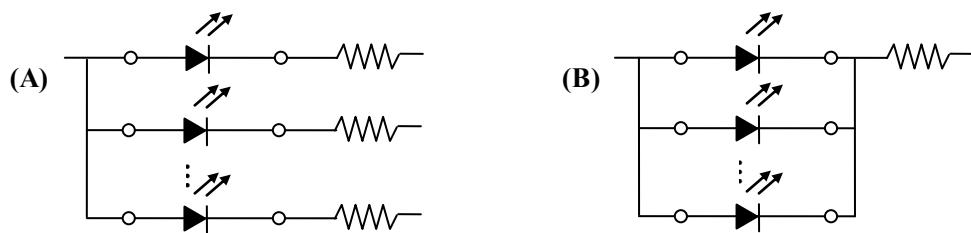
#### **Design Consideration**

设计电路时，通过 LED 的电流不能超过规定的最大值，同时，还需使用保护电阻，否则，微小的电压变化将会引起较大的电流变化，可能导致产品损毁。

建议使用以下（A）电路，该电路能够很好的调节通过每个 LED 的电流；不推荐使用（B）电路，该电路在持续的电压驱动下，LED 的正向电压 ( $V_F$ ) 发生变化，电流会随之而发生变化，可能使某些 LED 承受高于规定的电流值。

In designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen.

It is recommended to use Circuit A which regulates the current flowing through each LED rather than Circuit B. When driving LEDs with a constant voltage in Circuit B, the current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation in Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ ) of the LEDs. In the worst case, some LED may be subjected to stresses in excess of the Absolute Maximum Rating.



LED 的特性容易因为自身的发热和环境的温度的改变而发生改变。温度的升高会降低 LED 的发光效率、影响发光颜色等，所以在设计时应充分考虑散热的问题。

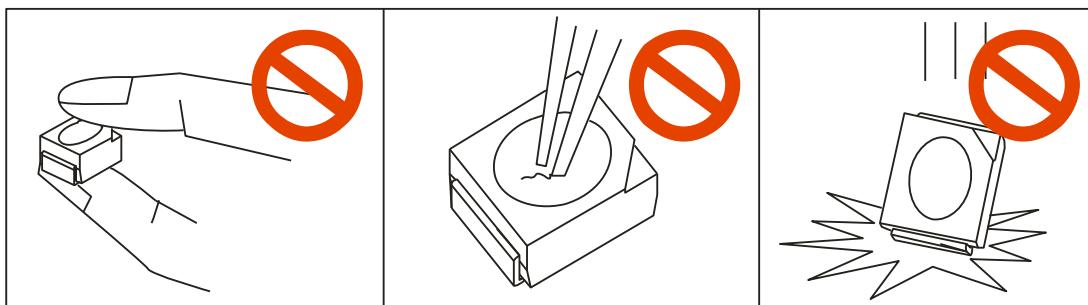
Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decreased, Color changed and so on. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design.

## 6. 其他事项:

### Others

直接用手拿取产品不但会污染封装树脂表面，也可能由于静电等因素导致产品性能的改变。过度的压力也可能直接影响封装内部的管芯和金线，因此请勿对产品施加过度压力，特别当产品处于高温状态下，例如在回流焊接过程中。

When handling the product, touching the encapsulant with bare hands will not only contaminate its surface, but also affect on its optical characteristic. Excessive force to the encapsulant might result in catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to die breakage or wire deformation. For this reason, please do not put excessive stress on LEDs, especially when the LEDs are heated such as during Reflow Soldering.



LED 的环氧树脂封装部分相当脆弱，请勿用坚硬、尖锐的物体刮、擦封装树脂部分。在用镊子夹取的时候也应当小心注意。

The epoxy resin of encapsulant is fragile, so please avoid scratch or friction over the epoxy resin surface. While handling the product with tweezers, do not hold by the epoxy resin, be careful.

## 附录：分档标准、色度坐标图

Appendix: Grading Standard and Chromaticity Diagram

### 分档标准 Grading Standard

IF=60mA (Ta=25°C)

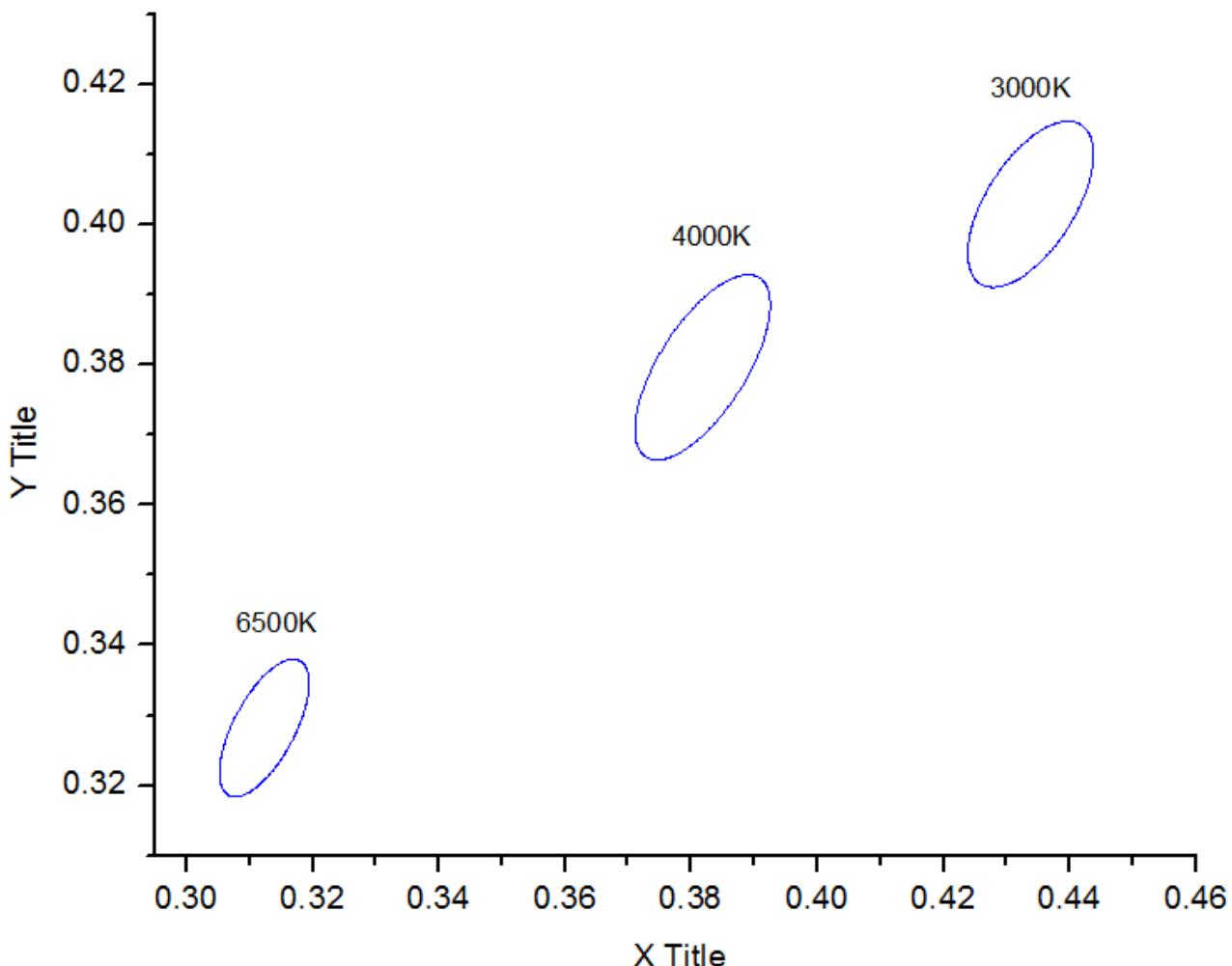
光通(lm)		电压(V)	
最小值 MIN	最大值 MAX	最小值 MIN	最大值 MAX
125	130	8.8	9.0
130	135	9.0	9.2
135	140	9.2	9.4
140	145	...	...
145	150	...	...
150	155	...	...
...	...	...	...

Notes 备注:

1. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.1V$ . 以上所有电压测量误差 $\pm 0.1V$ 。
2. The above luminous flux measurement allowance tolerance  $\pm 7\%$ . 上述光通量的测试允许公差为 $\pm 7\%$ 。

## 色区分档 Chromaticity Diagram

IF=60mA( Ta=25°C )



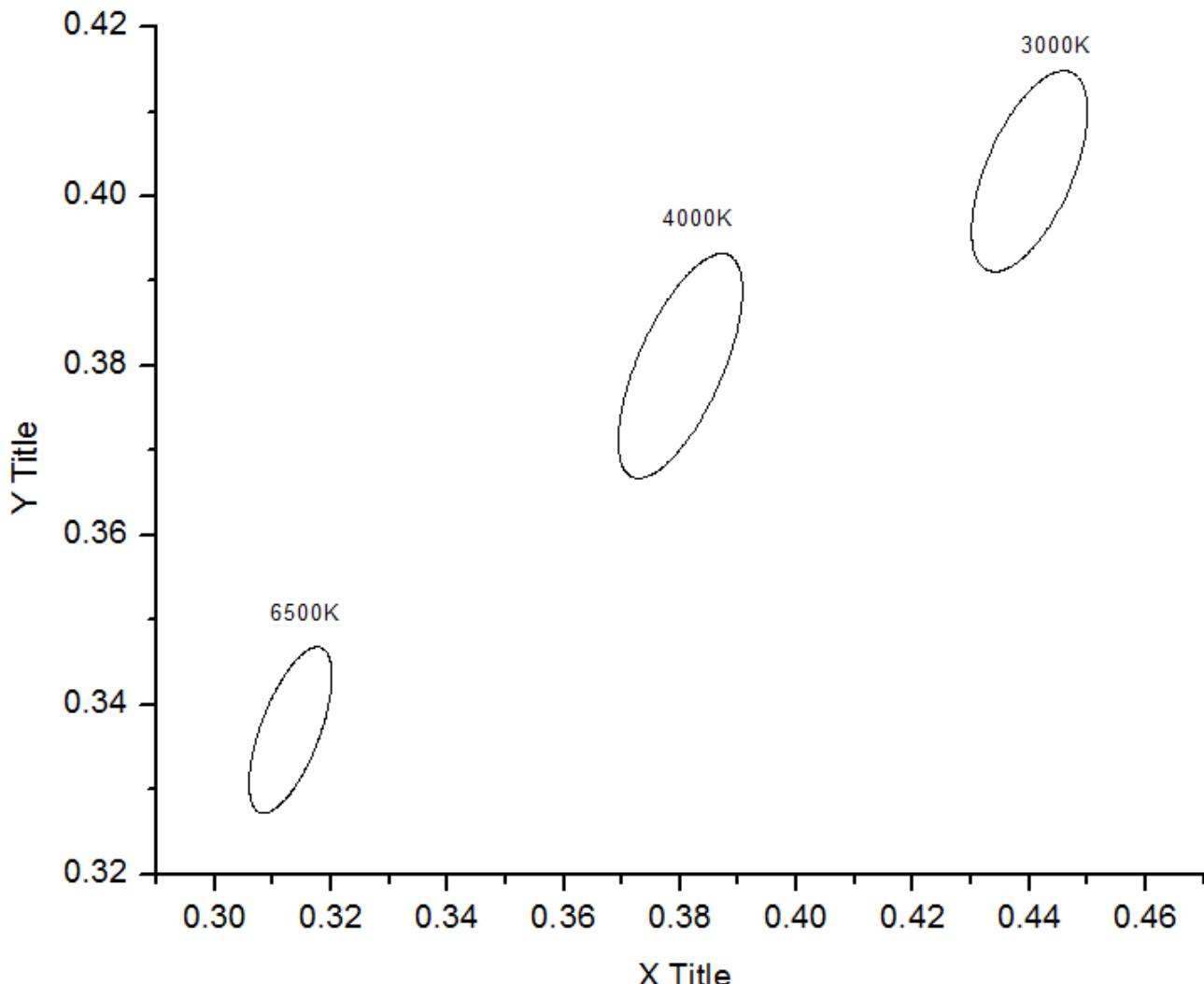
椭圆划分：

色区	X	Y	a	b	θ	Step
A305	0.4339	0.4032	0.00278	0.00136	53.22	5
A405	0.3818	0.3797	0.00313	0.00134	53.72	5
A655	0.3123	0.3282	0.00223	0.00095	58.57	5

Notes 备注:

1. All the color coordinate measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.01$ . 以上所有色坐标测量误差 $\pm 0.01$ 。

IF=60mA( Ta=25°C )



椭圆划分：

色温	X	Y	a	b	θ	Step
E305	0.44	0.403	0.002782	0.00136	53.21	5
E405	0.38	0.38	0.003129	0.001345	53.71	5
E655	0.313	0.337	0.002206	0.000952	58.57	5

Notes 备注:

1. All the color coordinate measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.01$ . 以上所有色坐标测量误差 $\pm 0.01$ 。